





**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.**  
Daily Courier per year, \$5.00  
Semi-weekly Courier per year, \$3.00  
Single copies, 10 cents  
No paper sent unless paid for in advance.

LOUISVILLE.  
TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 9.

For State Treasurer,  
GOBRIAS TERRY, of Todd.

**The War Forced on the South by the Administration.**

Referring to the attention of the public to the fact that the President, in his recent message, makes a confession so frank and so important that we desire to call the attention of our readers to it in an especial manner. He says:

On the 5th of March, the present incumbent's first full day of office, a letter of Major Anderson, commanding at Fort Sumter, written on the 28th of February, and received at the Department on the 4th of March, was that important document placed in his hands. This letter expressed the opinion of the writer, that reinforcements could not be thrown into the fort within the time for his relief, and that the limited supply of provisions, and with a view of holding possession of the same, with a force of less than twenty thousand good and disciplined men; this opinion was concurred in by all the officers of his command, and the memorandum on the subject was made together with the letter of Major Anderson's opinion. On reflection, however, he took time for consultation with other officers, both of theory and navy, and at the end of four days came reluctantly but decidedly to the same conclusion as before. He also stated at the same time that such sufficient force was not at the disposal of the Government, and that he was raised and brought to the ground within the time when the provisions in the fort would be exhausted, and the military point of view reduced the duty of the Administration, in the case, to the mere matter of taking the garrison safely out of the fort.

On the 5th of March, Major Anderson's opinion that Sumter could not be relieved by less than 20,000 men, was laid before the Cabinet, and considered. It was then submitted to Gen. Scott, who, after consulting with other officers, on the 9th of that month informed the President that Maj. Anderson was undoubtedly correct in the conclusion to which he had come—that Fort Sumter could not be relieved, that the evacuation of the fort was a military necessity, and that the duty of the Administration in the case was reduced to the mere matter of taking the garrison safely out of the fort.

This is the President's confession. Yet a month later, in the face of the conceded impossibility of relieving the fort, a formidable naval force was fitted out and sent in hostile array to Charleston Harbor, and the Governor of South Carolina was notified that provisions would be thrown into the fort, peacefully if possible, forcibly if necessary.

Why was this done? What was the object of the Administration in attempting to do what it knew was impossible? Why was a fleet of armed vessels sent to Charleston at that time?

The object is manifest. The Administration was determined on war. It had resolved to attempt the subjugation of the Seceded States. Knowing the utter impossibility of this policy, it was impelled by the storm of fanaticism which the anti-slavery leaders had raised in the free States, and which admitted of no control, it sought to relieve itself of some of the odium which it knew would attach to the measures by which the country was to be plunged into the first great war, by forcing the South to fire the first gun.

The holding of Fort Sumter was a cause of irritation. Commanding the Harbor of Charleston, its possession by the Federal force, after South Carolina had seceded, against the wishes of the people of that State, was an act of defiance. The guns firing from its battlements were a perpetual menace to those for whose protection it was built.

But the people of the South, and the Commander-in-Chief of the Southern forces desired to avoid the bloody strife; and, hoping that some peaceful settlement might be agreed upon, they delayed in attacking the fort, until the day when the civil war would have been justified in making.

The Administration was deaf to all propitiations for a peaceful settlement. They were inexorably determined that nothing short of the submission of the South to the Higher Law would satisfy them. They had notified them that Mr. Lincoln represented and told them would soon be inaugurated in the Government, should be accepted from the Seceded States.

But they insisted on strike the fatal blow. They insisted on the banks of the Rhine.

On the one side of the Mississippi platform which they had made a law unto themselves, and which they were pledged to carry out, backed by the clamors of the Northern mob—on the other side, was the Constitution which they had just sworn to support, the obligations of which they owed to the country and to humanity, the interests of the honor, the safety, and the liberties of the people of the Union—they had resolved to choose the former; and yet they had agreed upon, and sought by arms and force to overthrow the latter.

The enforcement of the Confederate authorities irritated them and discovered their plans.

Their policy called for war, and they were determined to force the South to begin the conflict, if it were possible to do so. Having exhausted all the other plans they had devised, they resorted to the one which they knew must bring on the conflict, and that was to strike the fatal blow, and strike down the great interests of the country.

They had promised repeatedly that Sumter should be evacuated. They had given it out through the country that its abandonment was a military necessity. They had given assurances through Judge Campbell and others to the Commissioners from the Confederate States and to G. W. Pickens that it should be given up. Under these circumstances they were well aware that any attempt to provision the fort would be a confession of weakness, and that it would be a confession of the fact that they were unable to carry out their policy.

But they yielded assent to a simple attempt to send provisions to the fort, in a unarmed vessel might fall in bringing on the fight; and, to guard against the possibility of a failure, to compel the Confederate commander to evacuate the fort, and to give up the fort, they sent a formidable fleet of war vessels, with guns, men, and all the machinery of war, and they sent, mistakenly their hostile intentions and the nature of the policy they had adopted.

The holding of the fort, under the circumstances, was of itself a hostile act; the sending of the fleet to Charleston was an act of war; and the duty of the Confederate commander was clear.

Mr. Lincoln's message amounts to a full confession that the object in attempting to provision the fort was to bring on the conflict in such a manner, if possible, as to throw some of the responsibility for the war on the Administration, and not on the odium of the policy they had adopted, on the 5th.

**The New Secret Order.**

We publish elsewhere the ritual complete of the new "Union" organization. It has evidently been gotten up with great care, for the purpose of forming an association to resist, by force, the Union of Kentucky with the Southern Confederacy. Kentucky, which should be the voice of the largest majority.

The members are sworn to defend the Constitution, and virtually to support the Administration which is subverting the Constitution.

They are sworn to stand by the Union, after the Union has been dissolved; and are required to take an oath of allegiance to the United States, even against their own State, should the former attempt to subjugate the latter.

There are sworn to protect the flag of the United States against all assaults, and, per consequence, to follow it wherever they are required to follow it by the United States, even though it be to carry war, desolation, and death to the homes of their fellow citizens.

A speech of HENRY CLAY is garbled in such a manner as to make the quotation a forgery, in order to impress in the minds of the members of the order the idea of the members of the Union is forever dissolved and that their duty and interest require them to follow their fortunes with those of their Southern brethren.

They are reminded that their obligation may require them to take arms against their fellow-citizens, and are told they must be ready to stand where the blows fall thickest and the danger is greatest.

It is, in the end, an address prepared for the order intended to organize an armed resistance to the action of the majority of the people of the State, should that majority determine to take the fortunes of the State with those of the Confederate States, and to inaugurate a bloody war among our people.

Ignoring the fact of separation it makes allegiance to the Federal Government paramount to allegiance to the State, and commits its members to resistance to Kentucky whenever a lawless and despotic Administration at Washington demands it of them.

It is, despite its references to the Constitution and the laws, and carefully worded generalities, simply an obligation to support the Administration and aid it in its suicidal attempt to subjugate ten millions of our countrymen.

**Does Kentucky Hate the South?**  
The hatred of the Northern people towards the South is so intense, so bitter, and so malignant, that they seem to be willing to endure any amount of oppression and to have their own Government converted into a grinding military despotism, if by so doing they can only see the Southern slaveholder trampled into the dust, humiliated, and utterly degraded. Is it so with Kentucky?

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

Does Kentucky hate the South so much as to be willing to contribute millions of money and the blood of thousands of her sons if she can only wring her vengeance on her Southern sisters for daring to assert their right to be free and independent States?

These are questions sadly suggested by the apparent attitude of Kentucky at this time. They are questions which we cannot believe to be true. It must be some hideous illusion. There are doubtless Abolitionists and Yankees in Kentucky who would gladly say anything to themselves if they could only see the South crushed and subjugated. They are men who are not to be trusted.

**Business Notices.**

**MONEY LOANED.**—Ladies and gentlemen requiring loans of any amount, Diamonds, Plate, etc., can be accommodated by applying at the Exchange office, 454 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side, five o'clock evening. The best prices for gold, silver, and diamonds, and for all kinds of jewelry, are given. The office is open from 10 o'clock morning to 10 o'clock evening. A. H. BARNES, 454 Market street.

**MONEY LOANED.**—Ladies and gentlemen requiring loans of any amount, Diamonds, Plate, etc., can be accommodated by applying at the Exchange office, 454 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side, five o'clock evening. The best prices for gold, silver, and diamonds, and for all kinds of jewelry, are given. The office is open from 10 o'clock morning to 10 o'clock evening. A. H. BARNES, 454 Market street.

**BATTLE OF ROMA VITA.**—When the Mexicans were making most desperate efforts at the battle of Buena Vista, General Taylor gave the famous command—"A little more grape, Capt. Briggs," which was executed and the Mexicans routed. When we meet a young lady or a young man whose face is covered with pimples, or is freckled and sunburnt, we want to say to him that "a little more Magnolia Balm" will route and drive off all that sort of thing, and if their teeth are black or discolored, and they wish to route and drive away the odor—not the teeth—we say a little more Royal and Euterpe's Dentifrice will do it. Also, Capt. Briggs' Ointment for the face, which is a little more of the same thing, will do it. These three are truly most excellent articles, and all of them prepared by W. E. Hagan & Co., of Troy, N. Y.

**JUST THE THING.**—Our attention was called this morning to a friend of ours, who, a few months ago, was sickly, feeble and debilitated—now he is healthy, strong and robust. This great change was produced by taking McLean's Celebrated Strengthening Cordial. It is a real ELIXIR OF LIFE.

We advise every reader who may be sickly and debilitated, and all who are well and wish to keep so, try it. Evening Mirror, July 6th.

**TO CASH BUYERS.**—In conforming to the custom of the time, Martin & Company, 304 Fourth street, are offering their large and attractive stock of goods for cash at a very heavy reduction. Their stock of Dress Goods is still very large, to which they would call particular attention, as they intend, in that line of goods, to offer extra inducements. Their domestic stock is one of the largest in the city, embracing various brands of Bleached Shirtings, Sheetings, Irish Linens, Pillow Linens, Irish Sheetings, Towelings, Table Linens, Doilies, Curtain Drapes, Marseilles and Allendale Spreads, White Goods in all their varieties, Groceries, and Household Goods, Sun Umbrellas, besides many other desirable goods, to all of which they ask the special attention of cash buyers. July 1st.

**FURNITURE.**—Wharton & Bennett keep always on hand a large and complete stock of cabinet furniture of every description at wholesale and retail, cheap for cash. Their motto is low prices and small profits. Recollect the No. 503 and 504, Market street, between Second and Third.

**TO THE LADIES.**—Fresh importations of new and elegant Dry Goods—I would respectfully invite the attention of ladies to my extensive stock, which I am offering lower than at any previous season, consisting in part of:

Broche large Angles, printed linen laws, embroidered muslins, plain foulards, colored, worsted, French goods, gauze de laine, broche large, crape large, all colors; embroidered English bage, all colors; French silks, 75 cents per yard; black silks, plain silks, all shades; pique foulards, plain and checked; French poplins, organdies and brocades; percales, lace points, lace mantles, black silk mantles, French chitres, percales and gingham, Alexander's kid gloves, plain and plaid mouselines, white cambrics, silk finch cambrics, table damasks and napkins, 11-14, and 14-16 linen sheeting, yellow and all widths, and heavy plantation drills, bleached cotton sheeting.

All of which will be sold at low prices. G. B. TABBS, 227 Cor. Fourth and Market sts.

**LOST.**  
On Saturday a small black and white dog, with a red collar, was lost. If found, please return to the owner, J. H. BARNES, 454 Market street.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**THE UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE—Law Department.**  
SIXTEENTH SESSION.  
HON. HENRY PIERCE, LL. D., Professor of Constitutional Law, Equity, and Commercial Law.  
HON. W. F. BULLOCK, Professor of the Law of Real Property, Law of Contracts, and Law of Torts.  
HON. J. H. BARNES, Professor of the Law of Evidence, and Law of International Law.

**OLD BOURBON WHISKY.**  
I have on hand and for sale a large stock of the finest Old Bourbon Whisky, made in the State. I warrant it to be pure, and of the highest quality. For further information, address J. H. BARNES, 454 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side.

**WOOL WANTED.**  
10,000 pounds washed and uncleaned, for which we will pay the highest market price. Address J. H. BARNES, 454 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side.

**WARD & CARY, WHOLESALE LIQUOR MERCHANTS.**  
Main street, bet. Fifth and Sixth, HAVE IN STOCK AND FOR SALE AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES:

25 bbls. Fine Brandy  
25 bbls. Fine Whisky  
25 bbls. Fine Rum  
25 bbls. Fine Gin  
25 bbls. Fine Cognac  
25 bbls. Fine Port  
25 bbls. Fine Sherry  
25 bbls. Fine Champagne  
25 bbls. Fine Benedictine  
25 bbls. Fine Maraschino  
25 bbls. Fine Amaretto  
25 bbls. Fine Cherry  
25 bbls. Fine Peach  
25 bbls. Fine Apple  
25 bbls. Fine Strawberry  
25 bbls. Fine Raspberry  
25 bbls. Fine Elderberry  
25 bbls. Fine Juniper  
25 bbls. Fine Sassafras  
25 bbls. Fine Clove  
25 bbls. Fine Nutmeg  
25 bbls. Fine Mace  
25 bbls. Fine Cardamom  
25 bbls. Fine Anise  
25 bbls. Fine Fennel  
25 bbls. Fine Coriander  
25 bbls. Fine Mustard  
25 bbls. Fine Turmeric  
25 bbls. Fine Saffron  
25 bbls. Fine Vanilla  
25 bbls. Fine Clove  
25 bbls. Fine Nutmeg  
25 bbls. Fine Mace  
25 bbls. Fine Cardamom  
25 bbls. Fine Anise  
25 bbls. Fine Fennel  
25 bbls. Fine Coriander  
25 bbls. Fine Mustard  
25 bbls. Fine Turmeric  
25 bbls. Fine Saffron  
25 bbls. Fine Vanilla

**W. H. C. DRYDEN, Commission Merchant and FEED AND PRODUCE DEALERS.**  
No. 35 Third street, between Main and the River, LOUISVILLE.

**COAL, PITTSBURGH COAL, PEACH ORCHARD COAL, COAL.**  
The best quality and the lowest prices. 30 bbls. per car. Address J. H. BARNES, 454 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side.

**BOARDING.**  
A GENTLEMAN AND LADY can be accommodated with a private family, in a pleasant and comfortable house, on the corner of Third and Fourth streets, at 10 o'clock.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT.**  
On the capital stock of this company is declared and payable to the stockholders on the 1st day of July, 1861. Address J. H. BARNES, 454 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all the stock and fixtures of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., and all the business of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has been transferred to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky.

**NOTICE.**  
The undersigned, J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., has this day sold to J. H. BARNES, of the firm of J. H. BARNES & CO., of Louisville, Ky., all



Miscellaneous.

**Cephalic Pili**  
CURE  
Sick Headache  
CURE

**Cure Sick Headache**  
**CURE**  
**Nervous Headache**  
**CURE**  
**All kinds of**  
**Headache**

By the use of these Pills the periodic attack of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented.

They are entirely open to the bowels, — subjectiveness.

For all persons, Men, Students, Delicate & feeble, and all kinds of sedentary habits, they are valuable as Laxative, but especially in the case of the young, to tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and to the natural elasticity and strength of the system.

THE CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of investigation and carefully conducted experiments having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented the occurrence of the pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a disordered stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition and may be taken at all times with perfect safety and without any change of diet, and without doing any thing to the bowels.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!  
The genuine have five signatures of H  
Spalding on each Box.  
Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers  
elsewhere.  
A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on re  
the

**PRICE, 25 CENTS.**  
All orders should be addressed to  
**HENRY C. SPALDING**  
48 Cedar street, New York

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS

SPALDING'S  
CEPHALIC PILLS  
WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER  
HEAD-ACHES

THAT A

**SPEEDY AND SURE CURE**

IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited

SPALDING, they afford unquestionable

proof of the efficacy of this truly

scientific discovery.

MARSHVILLE, CONN., Feb. 1.

MR. SPALDING,

Sir: I have tried your Cephalic Pills

like these so well that I want you to send

me a box.

Part of these are for the neighbors, to  
be sent to the post office, and I will  
send the Pills by mail, and enclose  
Your old letter and  
JAMES KIRK  
HAYESBURG, PA., Feb.  
Mr. SPENCER,  
Sir: I wish you to send me one more  
of your Cephalic Pills. I have received a great  
benefit from them.  
Yours, respectfully,  
MARY ANN STOKER  
SPRING GROVE, HUNTINGTON CO.,  
JANUARY 15, 1861.  
H. C. SPENCER,  
Sir: You will please send me two  
of your Cephalic Pills, as immediate  
relief.  
Respectfully yours,  
P. S. - I have used one box of your Pills,  
and feel excellent.  
DELLS VICKERS, OGDEN, JAN. 15,  
H. C. SPENCER, SPRING GROVE,  
P. M.: Send enclose twenty five cents, for  
the Pills.

Direct,  
Belle View, N. Y.  
H. C. SPALDING, Esq.  
I wish for some circulars or large sheet  
of your C. or plastic medicine, to send to  
my customers. If you have anything of the  
kind, please send me a few.  
One of my customers, who is subject to  
cancer, rheumatic, &c., has been cured by  
your cure of an attack in one hour by your Pill  
I test her.

Respectfully yours, W. B. WILSON

ROXBOROUGH, Franklin Co.,  
January 2, 1891.

HENRY C. SPALDING,  
No. 45 Cedar St., N. Y.

Dear Sir:  
I enclosed find two circulars, (one C. & one  
send box of "Genralic Pills." Send to me  
your C. or P. Pill or Roxborough, Franklin  
Co., N. Y.

My Pills work like a charm—cure Hums,  
coughs, colds, &c.

Most faithfully,  
W. B. WILSON

TRY THEM. WM. C. FILL  
 Ypsilanti, Mich., Jan. 18.  
 Mr. Spalding,  
 Sir, Not long since I sent to you for  
 of Cephaly's Pills for the cure of  
 Headache and Constipation, and received  
 and they have given an effect that I was  
 to send for more.  
 Please send a return mail. Direct to  
 A. R. WHITNEY  
 Ypsilanti, Mich.

*From the Commercial, Cincinnati.* O. Suffering humanity can now be relieved.  
*From the Examiner, Norfolk.* People have been tempted more than all other cases, by the mildest means.  
*From the Democrat, St. C. Mo.* If you are, or have been troubled with a cold, or a headache (cephalic) so called, take them in case of an attack.  
*From the Daily News, Newport, R. I.* Cephalic Pills are taking the place of all other remedies.  
*From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.* The testimony in their favor is strong. It is most respectable quarters.  
*From the Examiner, Norfolk.* Cephalic Pills accomplish the object to which they were made; viz: Cure of headache in its incipient stage, and prevent its return.

**SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE**  
 A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times the cost annual of  
 SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE  
 SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE  
 SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE  
 SAVE THE PIECES!  
 BOONOMY DIS  
 SP - A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE -  
 As accidents will happen, even in well-run families, it is very desirable to have some

**SPALDING'S PREPARED GLE**  
meets all cleaning emergencies, and no household  
should be without it. It is always ready  
to the sticking point.

**"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE"**  
N. K. & A. Brush Companies each Spalding's  
52 cents. Address: **HENRY C. BOTT**  
No. 48 CEDAR street, New  
York.

**CAUTION.**  
As certain unprincipled persons are apt  
to claim of us the uncopyrighted public, in  
the use of our PREPARED GLE, it would caution  
sellers to examine before purchasing, and  
to the full name,

**SPALDING'S PREPARED GLE**  
is on the outside wrapper of  
counterfeits.



